§ 838.223

- (v) That, if he or she disagrees with the amount of the former spouse's monthly benefits, he or she must obtain, and submit to OPM, an amended court order clarifying the amount.
- (d) The failure of OPM to provide, or of the employee, separated employee, or retiree or the former spouse to receive, the information specified in this section prior to the commencing date of a reduction or accrual does not affect—
- (1) The validity of payment under the court order; or
- (2) The commencing date of the reduction in the employee annuity or the commencing date of the accrual of former spouse benefits as determined under §838.231.

§ 838.223 OPM action on receipt of a court order not acceptable for processing.

If OPM receives an application from a former spouse not based on a court order acceptable for processing, OPM will inform the former spouse that OPM cannot approve the application and provide the specific reason(s) for disapproving the application. Examples of reasons for disapproving an application include that the court order does not meet the definition of court order in §838.103 or does not meet one or more of the requirements of subpart C of this part.

§838.224 Contesting the validity of court orders.

- (a) An employee, separated employee, or retiree who alleges that a court order is invalid must prove the invalidity of the court order by submitting a court order that—
- (1) Declares the court order submitted by the former spouse is invalid; or
- (2) Sets aside the court order submitted by the former spouse.
- (b) OPM must honor a court order acceptable for processing that appears to be valid and that the former spouse has certified is currently in force and has not been amended, superseded, or set aside, until OPM receives a court order described in paragraph (a) of this section or a court order amending or superseding the court order submitted by the former spouse.

§838.225 Processing amended court orders.

- (a) If the employee, separated employee, retiree, or former spouse submits an amended court order pertaining to payment of a portion of the employee annuity, OPM will process the amended court order prospectively only, effective against employee annuity accruing beginning the first day of the second month after OPM receives the amended court order.
- (b) A court order is not effective to adjust payments prior to the first day of the second month after OPM receives the court order unless—
 - (1) The court order—
- (i) Expressly directs OPM to adjust for payment made under the prior court order; and
- (ii) Determines the total amount of the adjustment or the length of time over which OPM will make the adjustment; and
- (iii) Provides a specific monthly amount of the adjustment or a formula to compute the amount of the monthly adjustment; and
- (2) Annuity continues to be available from which to make the adjustment.

PAYMENT PROCEDURES

§838.231 Commencing date of payments.

- (a) A court order acceptable for processing is effective against employee annuity accruing beginning the first day of the second month after OPM receives the court order.
- (b)(1) OPM will not begin payments to the former spouse until OPM receives all the documentation required by §838.221 (b) and (c).
- (2) If payments are delayed under paragraph (b)(1) of this section, after OPM receives all required documentation, it will authorize payment of the annuity that has accrued since the date determined under paragraph (a) of this section but the payment of which was delayed under paragraph (b)(1) of this section.

§838.232 Suspension of payments.

(a) Payments from employee annuities under this part will be discontinued whenever the employee annuity payments are suspended or terminated.

If employee annuity payments to the retiree are restored, payments to the former spouse will also resume subject to the terms of any court order acceptable for processing in effect at that time.

(b) Paragraph (a) of this section will not be applied to permit a retiree to deprive a former spouse of payment by causing suspension of payment of employee annuity.

§838.233 Termination of payments.

- A former spouse portion of an employee annuity stops accruing at the earliest of— $\,$
- (a) The date on which the terms of the court order require termination;
- (b)(1) The last day of the first month before OPM receives a court order invalidating, vacating, or setting aside the court order submitted by the former spouse if OPM receives the latest court order no later than 20 days before the end of the month; or
- (2) The last day of the month in which OPM receives a court order invalidating, vacating, or setting aside the court order submitted by the former spouse if OPM receives the latest court order than 20 days before the end of the month: or
- (c) The last day of the first month after OPM receives an amended court order:
- (d) The last day of the first month before the death of the retiree; or
- (e) Except as provided in §838.237, the date on which the former spouse dies.

§838.234 Collection of arrearages.

Specific instructions are required before OPM may pay any arrearage. Except as provided in §838.225(b), OPM will not increase a former spouse's share of employee annuity to satisfy an arrearage due the former spouse. However, under §838.225, OPM will prospectively honor the terms of an amended court order that either increases or decreases the court order's entitlement.

§ 838.235 Payment of lump-sum awards.

If a court order acceptable for processing awards a former spouse a lumpsum amount from the employee annuity and does not state the monthly rate at which OPM should pay the lumpsum, OPM will pay the former spouse equal monthly installments at 50 percent of the gross annuity (subject to the limitations under §838.211) at the time of retirement or the date of the order, whichever comes later, until the lump-sum amount is paid.

§ 838.236 Court orders barring payment of annuities.

- (a) State courts lack authority to prevent OPM from paying employee annuities as required by section 8345(a) or section 8463 of title 5, United States Code. OPM will not honor court orders directing that OPM delay or otherwise not pay employee annuities at the time or in the amount required by statute.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this subpart, OPM will honor court orders acceptable for processing that direct OPM to pay the employee annuity to the court, an officer of the court acting as a fiduciary, or a State or local government agency during the pendency of a divorce or legal separation proceeding.

§838.237 Death of the former spouse.

- (a) Unless the court order acceptable for processing expressly provides otherwise, the former spouse's share of an employee annuity terminates on the last day of the month before the death of the former spouse, and the former spouse's share of employee annuity reverts to the retiree.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this subpart, OPM will honor a court order acceptable for processing or an amended court order acceptable for processing that directs OPM to pay, after the death of the former spouse, the former spouse's share of the employee annuity to—
 - (1) The court:
- (2) An officer of the court acting as fiduciary;
- (3) The estate of the former spouse; or
- (4) One or more of the retiree's children as defined in section 8342(c) or section 8424(d) of title 5, United States Code.

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